

Powerbook G4 Titanium DVI 667/800/867/1GHZ Repair Guide

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This manual is presented as a guide in order to help you repair problems on your powerbook. Working on a powerbook can be dangerous if not done properly. We at Powerbookmedic.com take no responsibility for any damage or harm done to yourself or your powerbook as a result of reading this guide.

Suggestions for making this manual better? Email: sales@powerbookmedic.com

Tools Needed for Take Apart:

Torx T8 Screwdriver – Available from our online store Torx T6 Screwdriver – Available from our online sore Philips head screwdriver (small and medium size screwdrivers) Pliers

Always remove the battery and power supply from the computer before beginning any take apart or repair!

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Identifying the Powerbook G4 DVI 667/800/867/1GHZ

The powerbook G4 Titanium is easily identified by its titanium frame and sleek appearance. Even though all of the models look nearly identical, each of them is different in a unique way, and the parts are NOT interchangeable between models. The easiest way to identify which model you have and need parts for is by processor speed. The pairs listed below are compatible only with each other. For example, the 400mhz can use 500mhz parts, but cannot use the parts from a 550mhz.

400mhz & 500mhz 550mhz & 667mhz (non-DVI) 667/800/867/1GHZ MHz DVI

To determine if your machine is a DVI model, then you will need to look at the rear ports on your unit. Look at the pictures below. The first picture is a NON-DVI model. (Notice the VGA port next to the fan slots.



The picture below is from a DVI model. Notice the rectangular DVI port.



Before proceeding with any repair, make sure your powerbook is shut down and unplugged. It is a good idea to let your powerbook sit unplugged for at least 15 minutes before proceeding with any repair.

It is strongly recommended that you remove the battery before proceeding with any repairs.

Battery Removal



Turn the computer over with the bottom up as shown. Push the battery latch to the right as shown. The battery will then "pop" up and you will be able to remove it from the laptop as shown in the second picture.



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Keyboard Removal

Before proceeding, you must first remove:

Battery



After you have removed the battery, turn the computer over and open up the display. Then, depress the two keyboard tabs as shown in the picture. Holding the tabs in, flip the keyboard up and towards you. (If the keyboard does not easily come out, check to make sure you have not locked the keyboard.)



To remove the keyboard connector, grasp the cable as shown and gently pull up. You can gently wiggle the cable from side to side if it doesn't come off easily. Do not use much force. It should come off relatively easily.

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Memory (Ram) Removal

Before proceeding, you must first remove:

Battery Keyboard



To remove currently installed ram, pry back the metal or plastic fasteners holding in the ram as shown. Do this on each side. It's easier if you do them at the same time.



The ram chip will pop up. Just slide out to remove it. To install a new chip, just align the new chip in the grooves, press in, and then press down until the fasteners clip on both sides.

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Modem Filter Removal

Before proceeding, you must first remove:

Battery Keyboard



To remove the modem filter, you will need either a pair of pliers or a 5mm hex nut screwdriver or wrench. Undo the hex nut as shown.

Then remove the torx T6 screw as shown.



Pull the modem filter up, and remove the two cable connecting it to the computer.

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Bottom Case Removal

Before proceeding, you must first remove:

Battery



Remove the 7 Torx screws from the bottom case with your Torx T8 Screwdriver. (Available from www.powerbookmedic.com)



Gently lift up on the case as shown. Do not use much force at all or you will break the trackpad casing. Gently work your way around the casing.

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Take special care near the DVD drive area. This area is very delicate, and you especially risk breaking the trackpad at this point.

When the casing is loose, lift up and place it on a clean surface.

Airport Card Removal

Before proceeding, you must first remove:

Battery Bottom Case



To remove the airport card locate the metal clip that holds the cable connector in place. Gently pry this back with your finger and pull up on the cable to release it from the connector.



Lift up on the card as shown. Then pull the card out of its connector. (You may gently rock the card side to side to ease it out of the connector.)



Using your fingers, pull the cable connector from the card. (If it is hard to pull the connector out, you can use a pair of needle nose pliers to gently pull the connector out while holding the card. If you do this, don't use much force at all or you risk breaking the card and connector.)

Hard Drive Removal

Before proceeding, you must first remove:

Battery Bottom Case



Disconnect the orange hard drive cable from the motherboard as shown.



Remove the two Torx T8 screws shown in red.



Lift the black plastic piece that was held on by the torx screws, up and out.



Tilt the hard drive as shown, and lift up and out.



Remove the orange cable from the hard drive by pulling the cable straight up as shown. Do not use excessive force or you will bend the connector pins.

Replacement note – If it is difficult to put the hard drive back in, you can remove the torx screw from the rib frame and move that portion of the rib frame slightly to allow for more wiggle room.

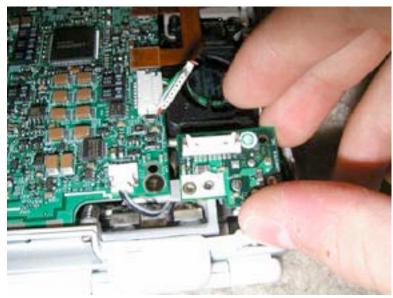
DC-In Board Removal

Before proceeding, you must first remove:

Battery Bottom Case



Remove the DC in board cable connected to the logic board, and the two torx T6 screws as shown.



Work the DC-In Board up and out, and place on a static free surface.

Inverter Board Removal

Before proceeding, you must first remove:

Battery Bottom Case



Remove the inverter cable from the places shown simply by lightly prying up on the cable at both ends.



Remove the two Torx T6 Screws as shown.

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Unplug the inverter cable from the inverter board. Lift the board up and out and place on a static free surface.

Modem Removal

Before proceeding, you must first remove:

Battery Keyboard Bottom Case



Turn the computer over.

Using a flathead screwdriver pry up the EMI clip at the location shown in the picture. It will be behind the Optical drive.

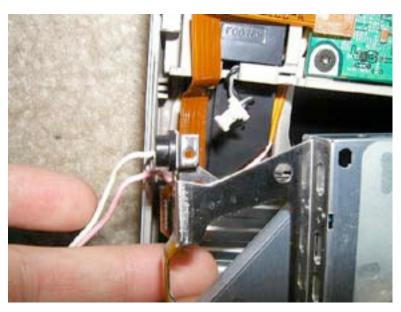


Turn the computer back over and remove the two torx T6 screws holding the modem as shown.

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Gently lift the modem up from the side to allow access to the grey and black wire going to the modem. Then undo this cable from the modem.



You now need to undo the orange cable connecting the modem on the underside of the modem. Normally you can just pull up on the modem, and the cable will easily come out. You may need to lift up on the optical drive from the side as shown to allow for flexibility in the cable. The same is true for installation of the replacement.

Optical / SuperDrive Removal

Before proceeding, you must first remove:

Battery Keyboard Bottom Case Modem Inverter Board



If you have not done so already, remove the EMI clip.

Turn the computer over. Using a flathead screwdriver pry up the EMI clip at the location shown in the picture. It will be behind the DVD drive. Put the clip somewhere safe, as you'll need to replace it when you reinstall another drive.



Remove the orange cable connecting the optical drive to the motherboard as shown.

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Grabbing the drive from the sides only as shown, lift the drive up and out.

Logic Board Removal

Before proceeding, you must first remove:

Battery Keyboard Bottom Case Airport Card (If installed)



Remove the four Torx T8 screws as shown.



Undo the orange PCMCIA connector from the motherboard by gently prying it up.

Remove the battery connector cable from the motherboard by gently prying it up. This connector can be hard to remove sometimes. Use a flathead screwdriver while pulling up to make the job a little easier.

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Remove the backup battery cable as shown by gently pulling up.



Turn the laptop over.

Undo the three cables on the left hand side of the logic board. These cables are very delicate, so use extreme caution



If a strip of orange tape is covering the trackpad connector, remove it as shown and disconnect the trackpad cable from the motherboard. If you have not already done so, remove the hard drive cable from the motherboard as well. (It is located next to the trackpad cable.)



Remove the inverter cable, modem cable, and DC-In cable, as well as the black and grey cable on the bottom right of the logic board. if you haven't done so already.



Remove the 7 Torx screws as shown \



Grasp the logic board as shown and gently pull up. Then gently pull the board out and place it on an anti-static surface.

Display Removal

Before proceeding, you must first remove:

Battery
Keyboard
Bottom Case
Airport Card (If installed)
Logic Board



Remove the 4 Torx T8 screws on the clutch covers as shown.



Gently pry the clutch covers off of the frame. If you use a flathead screwdriver be sure not to chip your paint. They should come off easily.



Now, remove the 4 Torx T8 head screws at the locations shown. Do not remove the black screws on the black hinge. *Be very careful around the cables.



On the right hand side, gently remove the pink and black cable from the inverter board as shown.

Then pull it through the hole in the casing where the hinge attaches.



On both sides of the casing is the piece shown in red. This piece pivots up and "folds" over.
On the side with the display cable and white and blue wire, lift this piece up, and then, carefully guide the display cable and blue and white cable through the hole. You will have to turn the display data cable to get it properly go through the hole. Be very careful with the cables!

Display Take Apart / Hinge Replacement

READ BEFORE PROCEEDING

Working on the display of the G4 Titanium is a very risky procedure. If you are not careful, there is a high risk of damaging your display. Also, the casing will not look 100% cosmetically perfect many times after performing this repair if you have never done this type of work before.

Physical Harm – The casing of the Display is extremely sharp, and you risk cutting yourself on the casing if you are not careful. We strongly recommend using protective gloves when performing this procedure.

By performing any work on your Powerbook and by continuing with this repair, you agree that Powerbookmedic.com is in no way shape or form responsible for any damage done to your laptop or for physical injury done to yourself.

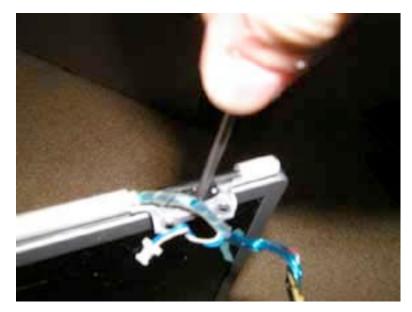
Before proceeding, you must first remove:

Battery
Keyboard
Bottom Case
Airport Card (If installed)
Logic Board
Display



Hinge Mount Removal

Hold your display as shown, and locate the 2 hinge mounts shown in red in the picture. They will be held on by two black Philips head screws



Remove the two Philips head screws on each hinge mount as shown. Make sure to apply enough downward pressure so as not to strip the screws.



Guide the hinge mount out and towards you as shown.



Opening the Display

On both sides of the display you will notice 2 Torx T6 Screws as shown in red. If you want to remove the entire back panel (not recommended) or get to the display cable, you'll need to remove all 4. If you are performing just a hinge replacement, you only need to remove one from each side. (The ones on the bottom of the display where the hinges are located)



If your hinges are broken, the next step will be much easier. If your hinges aren't broken, then there is a high likelihood of breaking them when you try to open the display unless you take extra care.

Grab the display as shown, and pull with a fair amount of force up. You are needing to break the epoxy bond holding the display together. Try to only grasp the display as close to the edge as possible. You do not want to put pressure anywhere near the actual LCD or you may break it.



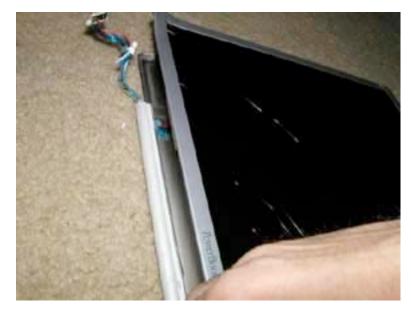
After the initial bond is broken, you need to work your way around the display to break the bond. Do this slowly. If you try to do too much at one time you'll dent your display casing. Again, only grasp from the sides. If you are performing the hinge repair only break the bond up to about 3-4" along the side...you want to break the bond as little as possible as it will be a cleaner repair when you are done.



Display Cable Replacement

If you are replacing the hinges, skip these next steps for the display cable removal.

Break the bond all the way around three edges of the display. Do not break the bond on the top of the display (side with screen latch mechanism) unless absolutely necessary. It is very difficult to put the casing back together if you break the top bond.



After you work your way around, it should look something like the picture.



From the base of the display, open the display as shown. You'll notice there is an orange piece of tape holding the display cable to the display connector. You will need to remove this piece of tape as well as the piece holding the cable on closer to the bottom of the display. You will then be able to remove the cable from its connector.



Note: this picture is turned around from the picture above.

The display cable is most easily replaced by replacing the enter cable and frieze (the white cylindrical plastic piece that is about 7" long) The frieze is held on by a light epoxy, so you just have to pull it towards you and off as shown.

The cable will then be free. You can then replace the cable. You will need to epoxy the case (and frieze back together) Use a small amount of epoxy all the way along the casing edge, and then clamp and let sit. See instructions below for more information on epoxy.

Hinge Replacement

Note: Some of these pictures are taken with the display still attached. It is possible to do the repair without removing the display module, but in so doing you risk more damage to your unit. We strongly recommend against this!

There are two main ways your hinges can break. We will cover the repair of both types of breaks below.



Break Type # 1

The picture to the left shows the first type of possible hinge break. If you're lucky, this is what you've got. The hinge is broken off only at the base. This makes extraction of the bad hinge much easier.

Follow the instructions above to break the bond on about 3-4" of the casing on the side of the casing of the hinge you need to replace.



Use a flat tool to nudge the bad hinge up. Do not use a lot of force or you will dent your casing.

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Follow the hinge along, and continue gently nudging the hinge up until you believe it is sufficiently loose to be extracted. Again, do not use much force.



Use a pair of need nose pliers to pull the hinge towards you and out. Note: Do not use much force. You want the hinge to come out easily. If you use too much force the hinge will break and extraction will be much more difficult.

If you have extracted your hinge at this point, skip the next step on the second type of break.



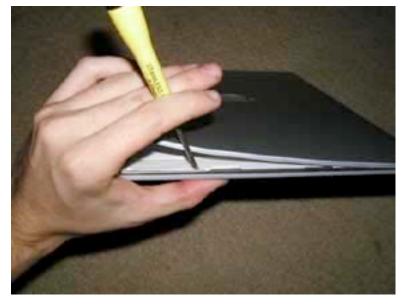
Break Type # 2

With the second type of break, there is a stronger likelihood that the repair will leave your casing slightly damaged. In this type of break, the hinge breaks higher up into your casing. This makes extraction of the bad hinge much more difficult.



If you haven't done so already, follow the instructions above to break the bond on about 3-4" of the casing on the side of the casing of the hinge you need to replace.

Then, extract the first part of the broken hinge.



If the rest of the hinge does not come out easily, you will need to use a flat head tool to follow the piece of the hinge and break the bond with the hinge and the casing. The less force you use, the easier it will be to close your casing.



A lot of times, you will damage the thin piece of metal that connects the top casing to the bottom casing. When you close your display back, it will normally go back into position, but you may have to prod it in certain places with a flat head screwdriver to allow the casing to close correctly.



Use a pair of needle nose pliers to extract the hinge when it is loose enough to be pulled out.



Putting it Back Together

To put the display back together, you have to bond it with epoxy or contact cement. We use Loctite Quick Set Epoxy. It is very strong, and does the job well. The downside is that if you make a mistake in the repair, getting back in may be more difficult. Contact cement has a more glue consistency, and while it won't look as pretty or be as strong, it will be easier to undo if you make a mistake.

If you use the epoxy, premix the two components. (You can use broken hinges to mix.)



Apply the epoxy to the hinge. Apply enough to thoroughly coat the hinge, but not enough so that it drops off the hinge or that there are big gobs. If you use too much you could damage the display. Also, BE CAREFUL with the epoxy. Do not get the epoxy on your display or you will damage it. Make sure you only get it on the hinge and the area it needs to go in.



Line the epoxied hinge up with the hinge hole.

NOTE: If you are repairing the hinge around the inverter wire, be extremely careful that you guide the wire into the frieze before putting the hinge in. You want the inverter cable to come out of the frieze and no other place or you will have a whole other set of problems on your hand.



Guide the hinge into place. Make sure the hinge goes all the way back and then fits snugly into its corner.

Wipe off any excess epoxy!



Use a strong spring clamp (available at Wal-mart) to clamp the display shut. Only clamp the edge of the display! Do not put the clamp on the actual LCD or you will break it. Let the epoxy sit for 24 hours or as the instructions say. 24 hours is a good time to let the epoxy sit however.

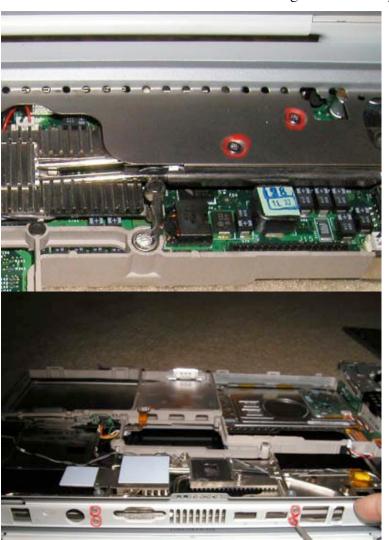
After it is dry, use a cleaner like GOO BE GONE on the case if you accidentally got some epoxy on it.

Reassemble your laptop.

Rib Frame / Heat Exchange Removal

Before proceeding, you must first remove:

Battery
Keyboard
Bottom Case
Optical Drive
Inverter Board / Modem
Airport Card (If installed)
Logic Board / Display



Remove the two torx T8 screws as shown.

Remove the 4 Torx T6 Screws near the ports as shown.

This will loosen two pieces from the rib frame (panel mounts). Remove these panel mounts.

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Along the rib frame there are 4 small torx T8 screws. The two shown to the left are in the hard drive cage. The one in the picture below is under the airport cable near where the airport card goes. The last picture is hard to tell, but it is near the inverter board on the left hand side of the casing.

Remove all 4 screws.





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Gently lift the rib frame up and out.



Disconnect the audio cable on the left hand side and right hand side of the unit. If it is wrapped in orange tape, remove the orange tape.

Note (The picture shows the modem and PCMCIA card cage. These pieces should have been removed prior to this step if you followed the instructions.)

The heat exchanger will now lift up and out.

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Trackpad and Trim Assembly Removal

Before proceeding, you must first remove:

Battery
Keyboard
Bottom Case
Optical Drive
Inverter Board
Modem
Airport Card (If installed)
Logic Board
Display

To replace the trackpad, you must follow all of the above steps. You must disassemble the entire unit, and then replace everything in the new trackpad assembly.

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